## Chapter 18 Thermal Properties of Matter

## Example 1:

How many molecules are there in 30 liters of gas at 1 atmosphere and $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ?

## Example 2:

Calculate the volume of 1 mole of an ideal gas at STP.

## Example 3:

A 500 liter tank contains helium gas at a STP. What is the mass of the helium in the tank?

## Example 4:

Two moles of nitrogen gas are at a pressure of 6 atmospheres and a temperature of $0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. If the gas is heated at a constant volume until its temperature doubles, what is its new pressure?

## Example 5:

A balloon having a volume of $200 \mathrm{~m}^{3}$ contains helium at a pressure of one atmosphere and at a temperature of $27^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. It is released and rises to an altitude where the pressure is 0.002 atmospheres and the temperature is $-43^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. What is the balloon's volume at this altitude?

## Example 6:

Find the rms speed of a hydrogen nucleus at a temperature of 20 million ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
Derivation of the relationship between Cp and Cv

## Example 7:

Calculate the change in heat when the temperature of 3 moles of monatomic gas is doubled at constant volume. The gas is initially at STP.

## Example 8:

Calculate the change in heat when the temperature of 3 moles of monatomic gas is doubled at a constant pressure. The gas is initially at STP.

