Chapter 49 Fission and Fusion (Examples) (SM14)
Example 1: Calculate Q for the following reaction: $\mathrm{U} 235+\mathrm{n}$ to $\mathrm{Br} 88+\mathrm{La} 145+3$ (n).
$\mathrm{U} 235=235.043922 \mathrm{u} \quad \mathrm{n}=1.008665 \mathrm{u}$
$\operatorname{Br} 88=87.924070 u \quad$ La $145=144.921640 u$
Example 2: Calculate $Q$ for the following reaction: $U 235+\mathrm{n}$ to $\mathrm{Sr} 90+\mathrm{Xe} 142+4$ (n).
$\mathrm{U} 235=235.043922 \mathrm{u} \quad \mathrm{n}=1.008665 \mathrm{u}$
Sr $90=89.907738$ u $\quad$ Xe $142=141.929710 u$
Example 3: Calculate Q for the following reaction: $\mathrm{Li} 7+\mathrm{p}$ to $\mathrm{He} 4+\mathrm{He} 4$.
Li $7=7.016004 u \quad p=1.007825 u$
Нe $4=4.002603 \mathrm{u}$
Example 4: If 0.1 kg of deuterium undergoes fusion in $1 \times 10^{-6}$ second, what is the power of the following reaction: $\mathrm{H} 2+\mathrm{H} 3$ to $\mathrm{He} 4+\mathrm{n}$ ?
$\mathrm{H} 2=2.014102 \mathrm{u} \quad \mathrm{H} 3=3.016049 \mathrm{u}$
He $4=4.002603 \mathrm{u} \quad \mathrm{n}=1.008665 \mathrm{u}$

