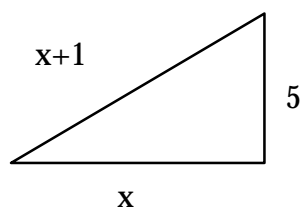


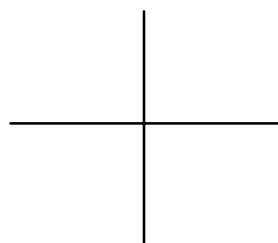
TRIGONOMETRY

Chapter 1 Review Problems

1. Solve for x in the triangle below.



2. Graph the line  $3y - 2x = 6$



3. Find the distance between the points  $(-3,2)$  and  $(-9,10)$ .

4. Find y so that the distance  $(-1, y)$  and  $(0, -3)$  equals 5.

5. Find sine, cosine and tangent of  $-180^\circ$

6. In which quadrant will  $\theta$  lie if  $\sin \theta < 0$  and  $\tan \theta > 0$ ?

7.  $\theta$  makes a standard angle w/ terminal side through  $(-4,-3)$ . Find all trig. func.

8. If  $\sin \theta = 2/3$  and  $\theta$  terminates in QII, find  $\cos \theta$ ,  $\tan \theta$ ,  $\csc \theta$ .

9. If  $\sec \theta = 2$  and  $\tan \theta < 0$ , find  $\sin \theta$  and  $\cot \theta$ .

10. If  $\sin \theta = 1/5$ , find  $\sin^3 \theta$ .

11. Subtract and simplify:

$$\frac{1}{\sin^2 \theta} - 1$$

12. Multiply:  $(\sin \theta - 1)(2\sin \theta - 1)$

13. Write  $\tan \theta + \sin \theta$  as a fraction in terms of  $\sin \theta$  and  $\cos \theta$ .

14. Use the identities to show that  $(\sin \theta)(\cot \theta) = \cos \theta$

15. Use the identities to show that  $\cos \theta(\sec \theta - \tan \theta) = 1 - \sin \theta$ .

1.  $x=12$  2. graph 3. 10 4.  $-3 \pm 2\sqrt{6}$  5.  $\sin(-180^\circ)=0$ ,  $\cos(-180^\circ)=-1$ ,  $\tan(-180^\circ)=0$  6. QIII

7.  $\sin \theta = -3/5$ ,  $\cos \theta = -4/5$ ,  $\tan \theta = 3/4$ ,  $\cot \theta = 4/3$ ,  $\sec \theta = -5/4$ ,  $\csc \theta = -5/3$  8.  $\cos \theta = -\sqrt{5}/3$ ,  $\tan \theta = -2/\sqrt{5}$ ,  $\csc \theta = 3/2$

9.  $\sin \theta = -\sqrt{3}/2$ ,  $\cot \theta = -\sqrt{3}/3$  10.  $1/125$  11.  $\cot^2 \theta$  12.  $2\sin^2 \theta - 3\sin \theta + 1$  13.  $[\sin \theta(1 + \cos \theta)]/\cos \theta$   
14 & 15. proofs